

Ormiston Academies Trust

## Ormiston Denes Academy Behaviour policy

### Policy version control

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## 1. Introduction

- 1.1. The main purpose of the Behaviour Policy is to ensure that all children are safe and that academies create a culture where everyone is supported to have positive behaviour. All children should be able to learn in environments that are calm, safe and supportive and are free from disruption. All OAT academies are committed to inclusivity and implementing strategies that reduce bias and support individual children's needs. Where 'parent' is used in this policy this should be taken to include guardian or carer.
- 1.2. Excellent behaviour is achieved through a positive and consistent academy culture, underpinned by a commitment to OAT's four values:
- Anyone can excel
  - Enjoy the challenge
  - Share what is best
  - Be inclusive
- 1.3. These are further reflected through a positive and consistent academy culture, underpinned by a commitment to OAT's four values:
- Anyone can excel
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## 2. Principles of behaviour and belonging

- 2.1. Our three principles of behaviour and belonging underpin everything we do as an academy. They reflect our commitment to fostering an inclusive, respectful, and supportive environment where every child can thrive. We believe that a positive school culture is the foundation for academic success and personal growth, and it is through shared norms, compassionate interactions, and clear expectations that we create a space where all students feel they belong.

### 2.2. Principle 1 – Always a reason

- 2.2.1. Rules and routines at Ormiston Academies create disruption free learning in safe, calm environments in which children work hard and are successful.
- 2.2.2. Rewards and sanctions promote positive norms and support the inclusion of all children in the school community. Rules and routines create a sense of belonging and create positive school experiences. They support children in achieving useful outcomes of which they can be proud.
- 2.2.3. At Ormiston Academies Trust everyone understands upholding shared behavioural norms is a collective responsibility and that a school's culture is an expression of all its members.

### 2.3. Principle 2 – Positive regard

- 2.3.1. Ormiston Academies believe all children can behave well with the right support.
- 2.3.2. Every child is treated positively. Interactions between members of a school community are characterised by respect and warmth. Adults are compassionate especially when behaviour is challenging, because they understand children do not arrive at school with the same understanding of appropriate behaviour.
- 2.3.3. Children who struggle the most receive the highest levels of support, and schools focus on finding causes of poor behaviour and addressing these, not excusing or explaining them away. Support is characterised by its proactivity – Ormiston staff aim to find solutions before children reach crisis.

### 2.4. Principle 3 – Clear is kind

- 2.4.1. At Ormiston Academies Trust, children are explicitly taught rules and routines in a sequenced behaviour curriculum encompassing all aspects of school life, including extra-curricular activities and the journey to and from school. All children understand how to be successful. Children at Ormiston Academies know what is expected of them and what happens when they meet or do not meet these expectations.

## 3. Legislation, statutory requirements and statutory guidance

- 3.1. This policy is based on legislation and advice from the Department for Education (DfE) on:
  - [Behaviour in schools: advice for headteachers and school staff 2024](#)
  - [Searching, screening and confiscation: advice for schools 2022](#)
  - [The Equality Act 2010](#)
  - [Keeping Children Safe in Education 2024](#)
  - [Working Together to Safeguard Children 2023](#)
  - [Suspension and permanent exclusion from maintained schools, academies, and pupil referral units in England, including pupil movement 2024](#)
  - [Working together to improve school attendance 2024](#)
  - [Use of reasonable force in schools](#)
  - [Supporting pupils with medical conditions at school](#)
  - [Mental health and behaviour in schools](#)
  - [Special Educational Needs and Disability \(SEND\) Code of Practice.](#)
  - [Relationships and sex education \(RSE\) and health education](#)

## 4. Related OAT policies

- Attendance
- Allegations of Abuse Against Staff
- Anti-bullying

- Child Protection and Safeguarding
- Equality and diversity
- Searching, screening and confiscation
- SEND
- Staff Code of conduct
- Suspension and Exclusion
- Whistleblowing
- Uniform

## 5. Leadership and management

### 5.1. Trustees and governors

5.1.1. Trustees are responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Behaviour Policy across the trust.

5.1.2. Trustees will:

- hold the Executive Team to account for the successful implementation of the policy, including ensuring that there is no discipline disparity between any groups of children, especially those with protected characteristics

5.1.3. The local governing body in each academy is responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Behaviour Policy in the academy

5.1.4. Governors will:

- hold the principal to account for the successful implementation of the policy, including ensuring that there is no discipline disparity between any groups of children, especially those with protected characteristics

### 5.2. Principal

5.2.1. The principal is responsible for setting and maintaining the behaviour culture of the academy and ensuring that all staff and children feel safe and supported.

5.2.2. The principal will:

- ensure that the academy has high expectations of children's conduct and behaviour, ensuring clear routines and rules, and that this is understood and applied consistently and fairly by all staff
- aim to prevent all forms of bullying, including cyberbullying, prejudice-based and discriminatory bullying, harassment, violence and aggression
- together with the leadership team, be highly visible in the academy to engage with children, staff and parents and promote high standards of behaviour

- ensure that all staff are successfully inducted into the academy's behaviour culture and systems, and will make sure that all staff receive regular high-quality training on behaviour guidance, routines and strategies
- ensure all staff act as positive role models for behaviour with high standards of personal and professional conduct
- ensure that safeguarding and child protection concerns are identified effectively, and children are offered support rather than sanctions when appropriate
- ensure parents are aware of the academy's expectations and wherever possible, partner with them to understand and support any behavioural issues
- regularly seek 'children's voice' to understand the views and experiences of behaviour in the academy
- regularly review behaviour data and take any necessary steps to eliminate discrimination, reduce bias and ensure compliance with equality law
- ensure the behaviour curriculum, including expectations, routines and rules are explicitly taught to children, and understood by all
- Ensure children receive education on positive healthy relationships in all contexts, including online and offline relationships, so they can identify prejudice, discrimination and bullying

### 5.3. Teachers

5.3.1. Teachers are responsible for managing behaviour effectively to ensure a calm and safe learning environment for all children<sup>1</sup>

5.3.2. Teachers will:

- have clear rules and routines for behaviour in classrooms, and take responsibility for promoting good and courteous behaviour both in classrooms and around the school, in accordance with the behaviour policy and agreed teaching and learning routines
- have high expectations of behaviour, and establish a framework for discipline with a range of strategies, using praise, sanctions and rewards consistently and fairly
- maintain consistent standards of behaviour in the classroom while ensuring reasonable adjustments are made by balancing fairness with flexibility

### 5.4. All staff

5.4.1. All staff are responsible for implementing measures in the behaviour policy to secure excellent standards of behaviour

5.4.2. All staff will:

- model and maintain positive relationships with children, so that they can see examples of good behaviours and feel confident to ask for help when needed

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<sup>1</sup> DfE Teachers' Standards: see Teacher Standard 7 (<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teachers-standards>)

- uphold the whole academy approach to behaviour by modelling and teaching routines, values and standards in every interaction<sup>2</sup>
- address misbehaviour swiftly and act decisively when behaviour, including the use of discriminatory language, falls below the expected standards

## 5.5. Children

### 5.5.1. Children will:

- be made aware of the academy's behaviour standards, expectations, uniform and equipment requirements, rewards and sanctions
- receive an age-appropriate induction process, including those who are admitted mid-year, that familiarises them with the academy's behaviour culture, rules and routines
- receive regular and explicit teaching of behaviour expectations throughout the academic year
- be educated about healthy relationships in all contexts, both online and offline, and to understand their rights and responsibilities regarding their behaviour
- be made aware of the pastoral support that is available to them to help them meet the behavioural standards
- be asked about their experiences of the behaviour culture to support the evaluation, improvement and implementation of the behaviour policy

## 5.6. Parents

5.6.1. Parents are responsible for working in partnership with the academy to support and reinforce the behaviour policy.

### 5.6.2. Parents will:

- promote a positive culture of behaviour and celebrate their child's successes and achievements
- get to know the academy's behaviour policy and reinforce the ethos and values of the policy with their child when necessary
- ensure their child has the correct uniform, including PE kit, and equipment for the day.
- support their child in adhering to the academy's behaviour policy
- inform the academy of any changes in circumstances that may affect their child's behaviour
- discuss any behavioural concerns with relevant staff promptly (please contact your child's Head of Year or Pastoral Manager)
- take part in any pastoral work following misbehaviour (for example: attending reintegration meetings or reviews of specific behaviour interventions)
- raise any concerns about the management of behaviour with the academy directly (please contact your child's Head of Year or Pastoral Manager)

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<sup>2</sup> See part 2 of the Teachers' Standards which outlines the high standards of personal and professional conduct expected of teachers



## 6. Behaviour curriculum

- 6.1. All OAT academies want children to feel confident and curious and to behave compassionately to those around them. These qualities should be nurtured and modelled by all staff. Staff can reinforce the behaviour curriculum in every interaction they have with children by:
- Modelling what positive relationships look like, in their interactions with all members of the academy community
  - Acknowledging and praising behaviour that meets the expected standard
  - Giving children clear reminders about what the consequences of their actions will be if they don't meet behavioural expectations
  - Being clear and consistent in the use of sanctions
- 6.2. Children will also be taught explicitly and regularly about behaviour through INSET sessions, year group line up's, assemblies, PSHE and citizenship education, SMSC, form time, Votes for Schools and half termly expectation resets within lessons.
- 6.3. Any children who join mid-term will be given information about the academy behaviour system and their understanding of this will be monitored by their Head of Year and Pastoral Manager.

## 7. Behaviour expectations

7.1 In Ormiston Denes Academy, we follow The Denes Way. This means that everyone is respectful to other members of the academy community, by using greetings, manners and courtesy in every interaction. We will prompt and remind students of how to be respectful and kind to others. In addition, children are expected to:

- Be ready to learn
  - Be fully equipped and ready for your lesson
  - Be at the right place, at the right time with the right attitude
  - Wear correct uniform smartly
- Be responsible
  - Ask for help and support when you need it
  - Accept responsibility for your mistakes and learn from them
  - Challenge yourself to be the best that you can be
- Be respectful
  - Respect yourself, others and your environment
  - Communicate in a polite way and listen to others
  - Follow instructions first time



## 8. Safeguarding

- 8.1. The academy recognises that changes in behaviour may be an indicator that a child is in need of help or protection. All staff should maintain professional curiosity and proactively consider whether a child's behaviour, including misbehaviour, may be linked to them suffering, or being likely to suffer, significant harm.
- 8.2. Any safeguarding or child protection concerns must be reported to the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) immediately, using CPOMS. The DSL, after liaising with appropriate staff or other agencies, will determine whether early help intervention or a referral to children's social care is appropriate.

## 9. Behaviour expectations and SEND

- 9.1. All students, including those with SEND, are expected to adhere to the academy's behaviour expectations and routines. However, the academy recognises that students with SEND may need differentiated support to meet these expectations effectively.
- 9.2. Reasonable adjustments will be made for students with SEND where their disability impacts behaviour. This may include tailored interventions, additional support, or alternative methods of communication to help them understand and meet behavioural expectations.
- 9.3. Individual Behaviour Plans (IBP): For some students with SEND, an Individual Behaviour Plan may be developed in collaboration with the SENCO (Special Educational Needs Coordinator), teachers, parents, and other professionals. The plan may outline specific strategies and support to manage behaviour while promoting the student's wellbeing.
- 9.4. Staff members are trained to understand the needs of students with SEND and how these may influence behaviour. This includes awareness of conditions like ADHD, autism, and emotional and behavioural difficulties, and how to respond appropriately and fairly to meet their needs.
- 9.5. The academy will work with external agencies, to better understand a student's needs and design effective behaviour management strategies that support their inclusion in the classroom.
- 9.6. While maintaining high behaviour expectations for all, the academy acknowledges that flexibility in approach is necessary to accommodate the varied needs of students with SEND. This ensures that all students can thrive in a supportive and understanding environment.
- 9.7. Children learn best to manage their self-control, behaviour and learning when they feel well supported by staff who are caring, understanding, curious and consistent. Staff will try to anticipate triggers of misbehaviour and put in place preventative measures to reduce the likelihood of a behaviour incident.
- 9.8. Staff will be supported in this by the academy's SENCO, pastoral teams, LSA's etc and will have reference to OAT's latest SEND policy and the DfE's Mental Health and Behaviour in Schools guidance<sup>3</sup> [Mental health and behaviour in schools - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](https://www.gov.uk/government/consultations/mental-health-and-behaviour-in-schools)

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<sup>3</sup> See chapter 3 – understanding the link between mental health and behaviour

## 10. Responding to positive behaviour

- 10.1. Children learn best when they feel safe. This can be achieved by having clear expectations and routines, consistently applied with reasonable adjustments if appropriate. All staff will aim to create a positive and supportive environment in the classroom and around the academy using positive language and relationships based on dignity and respect. This helps children to engage in and make good progress with their learning and can promote staff and child health and wellbeing.
- 10.2. The academy recognises that acknowledging positive behaviour encourages further positive behaviour. Communicating positive behaviours to parents can also be an effective way to motivate children to behave well.
- 10.3. When a child's behaviour meets or goes above the expected behaviour standard, staff will recognise this through positive recognition, rewards, and celebrations. This will include recognising the progress of children who require additional support with their behaviour.
- 10.4. The academy will demonstrate a fair and clear application of rewards to reinforce the routines, expectations, and norms of the academy's behaviour culture. These are:
  - Verbal praise
  - Reward points for being Ready, Responsible or Respectful
  - Spending points in the Reward Store/Christmas Shop
  - Communicating praise to parents via a phone call or written correspondence
  - Certificates in weekly (character) and half termly (academic effort and achievement) assemblies
  - Club Zero reward events
  - Positions of responsibility, such as prefect status or being entrusted with a particular decision or project
  - Year team/Principals breakfasts
  - Party in a Box

## 11. Responding to behaviour that is below the expected standard

- 11.1. Staff will endeavour to create a predictable environment by always responding to behaviour that falls short of the standards in a consistent, fair, and proportionate manner, so children know with certainty that misbehaviour will always be addressed.
- 11.2. When managing behaviour, staff apply our principles of behaviour and belonging with due consideration.
  - Always a reason
  - Clear in kind
  - Positive regard

## 12. Low level disruptions

- 12.1. Low level disruptions are behaviours which are not directly confrontational or challenging, but which nevertheless disrupt the teaching and learning environment. If allowed to continue, the concentration and learning of other children can be badly affected.
- 12.2. To stop any low-level disruptions escalating to more serious behaviour breaches, staff will intervene quickly and calmly using a variety of strategies and de-escalation techniques.
- 12.3. Low level disruptions can also occur outside of the classrooms, while moving around the academy and during break and lunch times. All staff will apply the same approaches and intervene quickly and calmly.

## 13. Sanctions

- 13.1. In situations of children displaying low level disruption and when misbehaviour continues, sanctions are a legitimate form of behaviour management and are used consistently and fairly.
- 13.2. Where the misbehaviour gives cause to suspect that a child is suffering, or is likely to suffer, harm. If this is the case, staff will follow the OAT Child Protection & Safeguarding policy and speak to the DSL or deputy at the earliest opportunity
- 13.3. Staff can sanction children whose behaviour falls below the standard which could reasonably be expected of them. Staff can issue sanctions any time children are in the academy or elsewhere under the charge of a member of staff, including on academy trips.
- 13.4. Sanctions must be reasonable and proportionate.
- 13.5. Following any sanction, the academy will support the child to reflect on and understand their behaviour. At the same time, staff will work together to understand a child's context as this will inform effective responses to more complex behaviours.
- 13.6. The academy will plan and use age/developmentally appropriate strategies and interventions to support a child, without lowering expectations for any child's behaviour.
- 13.7. The academy may use the following sanctions together with pre and post support;

Level	Possible pre sanction support	Sanction
<b>Reminder</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ An approach which is non-threatening (side on, eye level or lower, or if online speaking to the student in a break out room)</li> <li>▪ Using positive language, discuss the impact of the behaviour and relate to expectations</li> <li>▪ Check understanding of task</li> </ul>	Verbal reminder only

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provide a refocusing task e.g. handing out books or equipment; asking a question they can answer</li> </ul>	
<b>Warning stage</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If appropriate, allow the child time to refocus and calm down</li> <li>Reminder of behaviour expectations and consequences for non compliance</li> <li>Refer to previous excellent behaviour/learning as a model for the desired behaviour</li> <li>Short conversation outside of classroom</li> <li>Move location within classroom</li> <li>Remain for a short discussion after the session</li> </ul>	Up to 15 minute detention
<b>Removal/social time incident/out of class incident</b>	Once all de-escalation techniques outlined above have been tried	A 30 minute detention on the same day
<b>Further escalated/combined consequence</b>	Once all de-escalation techniques outlined above have been tried, and the behaviour continues or there is a significant incident in which the year team feel that this is appropriate. This also includes 2 removals in the same day.	A 60 minute detention as soon as possible after the incident

The academy uses the following general strategies or approaches to support behaviour needs:

- Trauma informed and attachment aware practice
- An understanding of adverse childhood experiences (ACEs) and how these may impact on behaviour
- Restorative communication
- Discussion at ISM
- Pastoral Support Plans
- Internal mentoring
- Year team support
- Parental engagement
- Referral to internal or external support

## 13.8. Removal from classroom

13.8.1 Removal from classroom is a serious disciplinary sanction and will only be used once other behavioral strategies have been attempted unless the behaviour is so extreme as to warrant immediate removal.

13.8.2 Removal from classroom as a sanction does not include circumstances in which a child is asked to step outside the classroom briefly for a conversation with a member of staff and asked to return following this. It also does not include the use of Thrive for planned intervention or therapeutic work to support with behaviour.

- If a child is removed from class the academy will inform parents the same day via Go4Schools. The behaviours that may lead to removal from class include the following (note this list is not exhaustive):
  - student not taking responsibility for behaviour following a reminder or a warning

- refusal to work
- unsafe behaviour
- rudeness
- damage to property

- 13.8.3 Children who are removed from class will be sent to a partner class where their education will be continued and to allow them to regain calm in a safe space. The academy will ensure that staff supervising removal areas are suitably trained to support children. This will be within the same subject area where possible, so may involve going into a different year group.
- 13.8.4 Children will remain in removal for no longer than is necessary. For most children this will be for the remainder of the lesson. This includes a double period. However, there may be exceptional circumstances, which must be agreed by the principal and communicated to the parents and the child in a timely manner, where children remain in removal for more extended periods for example a planned removal.
- 13.8.5 Staff will record all incidents of removal from the classroom along with details of the incident that led to removal. The academy will monitor and analyse data both fortnightly in Link meetings and across the half term, and this may be used to provide timely intervention and support to children.
- 13.8.6 The completion of OAT's 'pre-exclusion checklist' should be completed for children who are frequently removed from class and at risk of exclusion. Leaders of behaviour should review cases of children at risk of exclusion with Lead Practitioners of Behaviour and SEND.
- 13.8.7 Children who are removed from class persistently in a day, or are demonstrating behaviour which affects the learning of others, will be removed to the Reflection Room where their education will be continued and to allow them to regain calm in a safe space. For most children this will be for the remainder of the day including an intervention session, and a full day the following day with their detentions completed as part of their day ( up to a 3:55 finish). Students have the opportunity to earn time off in the Reflection Room for responsible behaviour, and may be dismissed with prior agreement from 3:40.
- 13.8.8 However, there may be exceptional circumstances, which must be agreed by the SLT and communicated to the parents and the child in a timely manner, where children remain in RR for more extended periods. All children in RR will receive regular breaks, including movement breaks and food/drink breaks and opportunities to visit the toilet. Staff will be made aware of any medical needs and ensure any health care plans are fully implemented.
- 13.8.9 Staff will record all incidents of removals and Reflection Room visits along with details of the incident that led to removal/RR, in go4schools. The academy will collect, monitor and analyse this data weekly to examine repeat patterns and the effectiveness of the use of removal/RR. This information will be used to provide timely intervention and support to children. This may include a pastoral review and/or investigation by the DSL and/or SENCO. Parents will be informed of the outcome of any investigations. In addition, the academy will provide any necessary support to departments or staff. This data and the impact of interventions to support behaviour is reviewed at the academy's SLT meetings, high-level meetings and at Local Governing Body meetings.

## 13.9. Suspension and permanent exclusion

- 13.9.1 Suspensions will be used as a last resort. However, it is acknowledged that they are sometimes necessary to ensure a calm and safe environment for all children and staff. Principals can use suspension or permanent exclusion in response to serious incidents or in response to persistent poor behaviour which has not improved following extensive support and intervention.
- 13.9.2 In deciding whether to issue a suspension or permanent exclusion the academy will have reference to OAT's Suspension and Exclusion policy and legislation that governs the suspension and permanent exclusion of children.
- 13.9.3 In considering suspension or exclusion the principal should ensure that, as far is appropriate, the academy's 'pre-exclusion checklist' has been considered. This will guide principals in their review of support and intervention strategies in response to misbehaviour.
- 13.9.4 Where the child has an identified special education need or disability and is receiving support at the level of School Support (SEND register) principals should ensure the relevant Education Director has been contacted for consultation before a decision to permanently exclude has been made.
- 13.9.5 If the child has a Child protection or Child in Need Plan or is a Looked after Child, principals are encouraged to consult with their Education Director before a decision to permanently exclude has been made.
- 13.9.6 Where the child has an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP), SEND Lead Practitioners, in addition to the relevant Education Director will have been contacted for consultation before a decision to permanently exclude has been made.

## 14. Supporting children following a serious sanction

- 14.1. A reintegration meeting with parents and the child following an exclusion is essential for restoring relationships, rebuilding trust, and setting clear expectations for future behaviour. It allows the school to address the underlying causes of the behaviour, collaborate on support strategies, and ensure the student feels welcomed back into the learning environment. By promoting accountability and involving both parents and the student in the process, the meeting helps prevent future issues and supports a successful reintegration.
- 14.2. Children who need intensive support with their behaviour or pastoral needs or who are at risk of suspension or permanent exclusion may be referred to spend time in the academy's Pupil Support Unit, which is called The Bridge. This may be considered on a case by case where internal interventions have not had an impact over a period of time. Our on-site provision The Bridge is only suitable for 6-7 KS3 students.
- 14.3. Children who need more intensive support with their behaviour or pastoral needs or who are at risk of suspension or permanent exclusion may be referred to spend time in the trusts Managed Intervention Centre or in an off-site Alternative Provision (AP) unit.

14.4. The aim of the Bridge or onsite AP unit is to improve behaviour so that the child can successfully reintegrate back into mainstream lessons.

14.5. The academy will:

- share information with multi-agency partners if appropriate and consult with parents on the pupil support unit placement
- deliver a broad and balanced curriculum offer that aligns to the curriculum in mainstream lessons, satisfies any relevant legal requirements regarding the academy's curriculum, and supports reintegration. The curriculum may be more bespoke to address specific support and intervention needs
- maintain a positive, visible presence from academy leaders to make the pupil support unit an integral part of the academy
- deploy staff with the appropriate skills set to the pupil support unit so children can be supported with their behaviour and learning needs to ensure effective impact and progress
- regularly monitor the progress of all children in pupil support units, including those attending a unit at a different school.
- actively involve children and parents in reintegration discussions

## 15. Alternatives to suspension and permanent exclusion

### 15.1. Offsite direction

15.1.1. Off-site direction is when a governing board arranges temporary off-site provision for a child to attend another education setting to improve their behaviour. Parental agreement is not a requirement of off-site direction although it is always best practice to try and receive this. Parents should be kept informed at all stages of the process and consulted wherever possible.

15.1.2. Where interventions or targeted support have not been successful in improving a child's behaviour, the academy may use off-site direction to arrange time-limited placements at an Alternative Provision or another mainstream school. Children accessing this support will be dual registered.

15.1.3. This includes the Managed Intervention Centre (MIC).

### 15.2. Managed moves

15.2.1. A managed move is used to initiate a process which leads to the transfer of a child to another mainstream school permanently. This is dependent on local schools having the capacity to receive children under this process, which is not always the case. For this reason, managed moves may not be on offer in all geographical areas.

15.2.2. Managed moves should be voluntary and agreed with all parties involved, including the parents and the admission authority of the new school. Managed moves should only occur when it is in the pupil's best interests.



## 16. Reasonable force

### 16.1. What is reasonable force?

- The term 'reasonable force' covers the broad range of actions used by most teachers at some point in their career that involve a degree of physical contact with children.
- Force is usually used either to control or restrain. This can range from guiding a child to safety by the arm through to more extreme circumstances such as breaking up a fight or where a child needs to be restrained to prevent violence or injury.
- 'Reasonable in the circumstances' means using no more force than is needed.
- As mentioned above, schools generally use force to control children and to restrain them. Control means either passive physical contact, such as standing between children or blocking a child's path, or active physical contact such as leading a child by the arm out of a classroom.
- Restraint means to hold back physically or to bring a child under control. It is typically used in more extreme circumstances, for example when two children are fighting and refuse to separate without physical intervention.
- Academy staff will always try to avoid acting in a way that might cause injury, but in extreme cases it may not always be possible to avoid injuring the child.

### 16.2. Who can use reasonable force?

- All members of academy staff have a legal power to use reasonable force.
- This power applies to any member of staff at the academy. It can also apply to people whom the principal has temporarily put in charge of children such as unpaid volunteers or parents accompanying children on an academy organised visit.

### 16.3. When can reasonable force be used?

- Reasonable force can be used to prevent children from hurting themselves or others, from damaging property, or from causing disorder.
- In a school, force is used for two main purposes – to control children or to restrain them.
- The decision on whether or not to physically intervene is down to the professional judgement of the staff member concerned and should always depend on the individual circumstances.
- The following list is not exhaustive but provides some examples of situations where reasonable force can and cannot be used.

### 16.4. Academies can use reasonable force to:

- remove disruptive children from the classroom where they have refused to follow an instruction to do so;
- prevent a child behaving in a way that disrupts an academy event or an academy trip or visit;
- prevent a child leaving the classroom where allowing the child to leave would risk their safety or lead to behaviour that disrupts the behaviour of others;

- prevent a child from attacking a member of staff or another child, or to stop a fight in the playground; and
  - restrain a child at risk of harming themselves through physical outbursts.
- 16.5. Wherever possible positive handling/use of reasonable force will be carried out by trained staff who are competent in the use of a recognised behaviour management system (e.g. Team Teach).

## 17. Restraint / positive handling plans

- 17.1. Where a child's behaviour could present a significant risk of injury to themselves, other people, or property the academy will complete a risk assessment and determine if an individual child requires a positive handling plan to be put in place.
- 17.2. These plans will be developed in the child's best interests and agreed by staff, parents and the child concerned wherever possible. They will be reviewed termly or when the needs of the child change.
- 17.3. The plan will document situations that may trigger challenging behaviour and any successful preventative strategies. The plan will also document how physical intervention should be used appropriately.

## 18. Recording, reporting and responding to incidents of restraint/positive handling/use of reasonable force

- 18.1. Parents will be informed on the same day as the incident and invited into the academy to discuss the incident as soon as practicable.
- 18.2. A written review of the incident will be conducted by the principal and DSL and recorded on CPOMs within 5 working days and any positive handling plan updated as appropriate.

## 19. Behaviour outside of academy premises

- 19.1. The academy can sanction children for misbehaviour outside of the academy premises to such an extent as is reasonable. Conduct outside the academy premises, including online conduct, that might result in a sanction includes misbehaviour:
- when taking part in any academy-organised or academy-related activity
  - when travelling to or from the academy
  - when wearing academy uniform
  - when in some other way identifiable as a child at the school
  - that could have repercussions for the orderly and safe running of the academy
  - that poses a threat to another child
  - that could adversely affect the reputation of the academy

- 19.2. The decision to sanction a child will be lawful if it is made on the academy premises or elsewhere at a time when the child is under the control or charge of a member of staff of the academy.
- 19.3. When non-criminal poor behaviour and bullying occurs off the academy premises or online and is witnessed by a staff member or reported to the academy, the academy will:
- gather information and evidence
  - take witness statements including from the alleged perpetrator
  - inform parents of the incident
  - inform any relevant services/agencies e.g. children’s services, youth offending team, FSP worker
- 19.4. Following confirmed misbehaviour outside of academy premises, the academy may impose the following sanctions:
- Behaviour contract
  - 15/40 minute detentions including loss of social time
  - Reflection Room
  - Off-site provision
  - Suspension
  - Permanent Exclusion.

## 20. Searching, screening and confiscation

- 20.1. Searching, screening and confiscation will be conducted in line with the DfE’s [latest guidance on searching, screening and confiscation](#) and OAT’s Searching, Screening and Confiscation Policy.
- 20.2. Principals and the staff they authorise have a statutory power to search a child or their possessions where they have reasonable grounds to suspect that the child may have a banned item.
- 20.3. These banned items are:
- knives and any item deemed to be an offensive weapon
  - alcohol
  - vapes and electronic cigarettes
  - lighters and matches
  - illegal drugs (or drug related paraphernalia)
  - stolen items
  - any article that a member of staff reasonably suspects has been, or is likely to be used to commit an offence, to cause personal injury to any person or damage to property
  - tobacco, cigarette papers, lighters (and/or other smoking paraphernalia)
  - fireworks
  - pornographic images
  - chewing gum and bubblegum

- Mobile phones, if a member of staff reasonably suspects it has been or is likely to be used to commit an offence including the recording of others
- 20.4. As long as it is reasonable in the circumstances, academy staff are permitted by law to take temporary possession of any suspected illegal substance or prohibited item.

## 21. Suspected criminal behaviour

- 21.1. If a child is suspected of criminal behaviour, the academy will make an initial assessment of whether to report the incident to the police.
- 21.2. When establishing the facts, the academy will endeavour to preserve any relevant evidence to hand over to the police.
- 21.3. If a decision is made to report the matter to the police, the Principal or Senior Vice Principal will make the report.
- 21.4. The academy will not interfere with any police action taken. However, the academy may continue to follow its own investigation procedure and enforce sanctions, as long as it does not conflict with police action.
- 21.5. If a report to the police is made, the DSL will make a tandem report to children's social care, if appropriate. All investigations, decisions, actions and rationale behind decisions and actions must be recorded on CPOMs.

## 22. Child on child abuse sexual violence and sexual harassment

- 22.1. Sexual violence and sexual harassment are never acceptable, will not be tolerated and children whose behaviour falls below expectations will be sanctioned.
- 22.2. The academy will never normalise sexually abusive language or behaviour by treating it as 'banter', an inevitable fact of life or an expected part of growing up. All staff must challenge all inappropriate language and behaviour between children and ensure respectful relationships and high standards of conduct between staff and children at all times.
- 22.3. Following any report of child-on-child sexual violence or sexual harassment offline or online, the academy will follow the safeguarding principles set out in [Keeping children safe in education - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/444272/Keeping_children_safe_in_education_-_GOV.UK.pdf) (KCSIE) - especially Part 5. The designated safeguarding lead (or deputy) will advise on the academy's initial response. Each incident will be considered on a case-by-case basis and sanctions may be applied whilst other investigations by the police and/or children's social care are ongoing.
- 22.4. All victims will be reassured they will be supported, kept safe, and are being taken seriously, regardless of how long it has taken them to come forward. Abuse that occurs online or outside of the academy will not be downplayed and will be treated equally seriously. A victim will never be given the

impression that they are creating a problem by reporting sexual violence or sexual harassment. Nor will a victim ever be made to feel ashamed for making a report or their experience minimised.

## 23. Behaviour incidents online

- 23.1. The academy expects the same standards of behaviour online as offline: everyone should be treated with kindness, respect and dignity. Inappropriate online behaviour including bullying, the use of inappropriate language, the soliciting and sharing of nude or semi-nude images and videos and sexual harassment will be addressed in accordance with the same principles as offline behaviour.
- 23.2. When an incident involves nude or semi-nude images and/or videos, staff should refer the incident to the DSL (or deputy).

## 24. Malicious allegations

- 24.1. Where a child makes an allegation against a member of staff and that allegation is shown to have been deliberately invented or malicious, the academy will consider whether to discipline the child in accordance with this policy.
- 24.2. Where a child makes an allegation of sexual violence or sexual harassment against another child and that allegation is shown to have been deliberately invented or malicious, the academy will consider whether to discipline the child in accordance with this policy.
- 24.3. In all cases where an allegation is determined to be unsubstantiated, unfounded, false or malicious, the academy (in collaboration with the local authority designated officer (LADO) and OAT's safeguarding team, where relevant) will consider whether the child who made the allegation is in need of help. If so, a referral to children's social care may be appropriate.
- 24.4. The academy will also consider the pastoral needs of staff and children accused of misconduct.

## 25. Mobile phones

- 25.1. At Ormiston Denes Academy we follow "never seen, never heard" with regards to the use of mobile phones. Allowing access to mobiles in the academy introduces complexity and risks, including distraction, disruption, bullying and abuse, and can be a detriment to learning. For that reason, all mobile phones must always be kept in children's bags during the academy day. Failure to comply will result in confiscation and the following actions;

First time in a term – confiscated and 15 minute sanction applied, device returned to student

Second time and subsequently thereafter in a term – confiscated and 30 minute sanction applied, parent collection

If the student refuses to hand over the device the first time, but does the second, a 60 minute consequence will be applied. If the student continues to refuse, further action will be taken which could place the young person at risk of higher consequences.

If there are persistent breaches to the mobile phone guidance, or concerns of a safeguarding nature, students may be requested to hand their phone in daily to reception for a time-limited period. In this instance the device would be returned to the student at the end of each day.

- 25.2. In exceptional circumstances, and to support individual children, a child may be permitted by the principal to use their mobile phone during the school day as a reasonable adjustment.
- 25.3. All children in the academy will be informed about the potential reasons for exceptional use as part of the behaviour induction process.
- 25.4. If a student uses their device inappropriately and takes a recording (photo, voice or video, including live streaming or video calling) of a member of staff or another student, this will be treated as a significant breach to the behaviour policy. Parents/carers will be expected to collect the confiscated item and ensure any recordings obtained without permission are deleted, and failure to do so could result in police contact. A sanction will be applied in line with this policy
- 25.5. Exceptions to returns will apply to any device containing (but not limited to);
  - Indecent images of children
  - Pornography
  - Abusive messages
  - Images or videos relating to suspected criminal behaviour.

If a phone is found to contain any of the above it will be retained until such time as an investigation has taken place. The DSL or member of the core safeguarding team will contact the police if a member of staff finds any image, data or file that they suspect might constitute a specific offence.

## 26. Transition

### 26.1. Inducting incoming children

- 26.1.1. The academy will support incoming children to meet behaviour standards by providing an age-appropriate induction process to familiarise them with the behaviour policy and the wider school culture. This will include any children who start at the academy mid-year.

### 26.2. Preparing outgoing children for transition

- 26.2.1. To ensure a smooth transition to the next year, children will have transition sessions with their new teachers in Summer Term and key pastoral staff members will hold transition meetings with feeder schools.
- 26.2.2. To ensure behaviour is continually monitored and the right support is in place, information related to the behaviour issues of any child will be transferred to relevant staff at the start of the term or year.

## 27. Staff induction, development and support

27.1. As part of their induction process, staff at Ormiston Denes Academy are provided with training on managing behaviour, including training on:

- The Equalities Act and preventing disability discrimination
- Harmful Sexualised Behaviours
- Zones of Regulation
- Trauma informed practice
- De-escalation techniques
- Restorative communication
- The use of restraint/Team Teach
- How child protection, safeguarding, SEND and mental health needs impact behaviour

27.2. Behaviour management will also form part of continuing professional development.

## 28. Monitoring and evaluating academy behaviour

28.1. The academy will collect data on the following:

- Behavioural incidents, including removal from the classroom
- Attendance, permanent exclusion and suspension
- Use of pupil support units, off-site directions and managed moves
- Incidents of searching, screening and confiscation
- Incidents of positive handling/reasonable force
- Anonymous surveys for staff, children, governors, trustees and other stakeholders on their perceptions and experiences of the academy behaviour culture

28.2. The data will be analysed every term by the Local Governing Body. Data will be reviewed at the academy's Strategic Progress Boards and at Local Governing Body Meetings and this analysis will be used to support academies to be proactive in improving children's behaviour.

28.3. The data will be analysed from a variety of perspectives including:

- At academy level
- By age group
- At the level of individual members of staff
- By time of day/week/term
- By protected characteristic

28.4. The academy will use the results of this analysis to make sure it is meeting its duties under the Equality Act 2010. If any trends or disparities between groups of children are identified by this analysis, the academy will review its policies and practice to tackle it.

## 29. Children's Voice

- 29.1. Asking children about behaviour in the academy and the implementation of the behaviour policy is a regular feature of the academy's self-evaluation. The academy commits to listening to the voices of children and, in line with Article 12 of the [United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child](#) (UNCRC), will provide an opportunity for all children to have a say in matters which affect them and to be involved in decisions that affect them, as far as is appropriate. At Ormiston Denes children's views will be gathered through student leaders, student focus groups and student survey.
- 29.2. Children's Voice is also expressed at a trust level through the National Student Voice (NSV) and the Student Inclusion Advisory Board (SIAB), which is a subcommittee of the NSV.

## 30. Complaints

- 30.1. Complaints regarding any aspects of the Behaviour Policy will be addressed under the OAT Complaints Policy.
- 30.2. Concerns about wrongdoing at OAT academies in relation to the behaviour policy, such as malpractice, mismanagement or breach of health and safety law or any other illegal or unethical act either on the part of management, the Governing Body or be fellow employees should be raised using the Whistleblowing Policy.